fn make_is_equal

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This proof resides in "contrib" because it has not completed the vetting process.

Proves soundness of fn make_is_equal in mod.rs at commit 0db9c6036 (outdated¹). The transformation checks if each element in a vector dataset is equivalent to a given value, returning a vector of booleans.

Vetting History

• Pull Request #512

1 Hoare Triple

Precondition

To ensure the correctness of the output, we require the following preconditions:

- Type TIA must have trait PartialEq.
- Type M must have trait DatasetMetric.
- MetricSpace is implemented for (VectorDomain<AtomDomain<TIA>>, M). Therefore M is a valid metric on VectorDomain<AtomDomain<TIA>>.
- MetricSpace is implemented for (VectorDomain<AtomDomain<bool>>, M).

Pseudocode

```
def make_is_equal(
2
      input_domain: VectorDomain[AtomDomain[TIA]],
      input_metric: M,
3
4
       value: TIA
  ):
5
      output_row_domain = atom_domain(T=bool)
6
7
      def is_equal(arg: TA) -> TA:
8
9
           return value == arg
10
      return make_row_by_row(
11
          input_domain,
12
13
           input_metric,
14
           output_row_domain,
           is_equal
15
      )
```

¹See new changes with git diff 0db9c6036.. rust/src/trans/manipulation/mod.rs

Postconditions

Theorem 1.1. For every setting of the input parameters (input_domain, input_metric, value) to make_is_equal such that the given preconditions hold, make_is_equal raises an exception (at compile time or run time) or returns a valid transformation. A valid transformation has the following properties:

- 1. (Appropriate output domain). For every element x in input_domain, function(x) is in output_domain or raises a data-independent runtime exception.
- 2. (Stability guarantee). For every pair of elements x, x' in input_domain and for every pair (d_in, d_out), where d_in has the associated type for input_metric and d_out has the associated type for output_metric, if x, x' are d_in-close under input_metric, stability_map(d_in) does not raise an exception, and stability_map(d_in) ≤ d_out, then function(x), function(x') are d_out-close under output_metric.

2 Proof

Lemma 2.1. The invocation of make_row_by_row (line 11) satisfies its preconditions.

Proof. The preconditions of make_is_equal and pseudocode definition (line 5) ensure that the type preconditions of make_row_by_row are satisfied. The remaining preconditions of make_row_by_row are:

- row_function has no side-effects.
- If the input to row_function is a member of input_domain's row domain, then the output is a member of output_row_domain.

The first precondition is satisfied by the definition of is_equal (line 8) in the pseudocode.

For the second precondition, assume the input is a member of input_domain's row domain. By the definition of PartialEq, the output of is_equal is boolean, and AtomDomain<bool> includes all booleans. Therefore, the output is a member of output_row_domain.

We now prove the postcondition of make_is_equal.

Proof. By 2, the preconditions of make_row_by_row are satisfied. Thus, by the definition of make_row_by_row, the output is a valid transformation.